

# SuperRNAAlign Tutorial

## Installing SuperRNAAlign

Download .zip file with the latest version of SuperRNAAlign from <http://genesilico.pl>. Follow the installation instructions in `README.md`.

Install the superposition tool of your choice; currently R3D Align, SARA, ARTS and Lajolla are supported.

**Note:** When installing R3D Align, please use the older version from our website. The latest version is incompatible with our program.

Set the correct paths in `config_file.cfg`.

**Note:** SuperRNAAlign comes bundled with two auxiliary programs: Clarnet and Smatch. They improve the quality of alignments produced by SuperRNAAlign, but - in rare cases - you may want to turn them off. Both programs may be disabled in the config file.

## Obtaining input data

Download two tRNA structures: [3KFU](#) and [4WJ4](#) from RCSB Protein Data Bank. (Click *Download Files / PDB Format*.)

3KFU (chain K) will serve as the reference structure, and 4WJ4 (chain B) will be superimposed on it.

## Superimposing input structures

Enter the directory where the input .pdb files are located. Run SuperRNAAlign:

```
supernalign.py -c 3kfu.pdb 0 K 4wj4.pdb 0 B -o tRNA_superposition
```

(Assuming SuperRNAAlign directory is in your system path; if not, you should precede `supernalign.py` with the path, e.g. `~/supernalign/supernalign.py` - if SuperRNAAlign is located in the `supernalign` subdirectory of your home directory.)

- `-c` tells SuperRNAAlign to clean and renumber the input structures, and remove all modifications. This is to make sure that SuperRNAAlign won't encounter any 'illegal' residues; if you're sure that your structures don't need cleaning, you may omit this option.
- `3kfu.pdb` is the name of the first input file.
- `0` is the model number of the first structure; usually 0, unless the model is explicitly set in the input file.

- `K` is the chain ID of the first structure (see the summary page in PDB).
- `4kj4.pdb` is the second input file.
- `0` is the model number of the second structure (see above).
- `B` is the chain ID of the second structure.
- `-o tRNA_superposition` sets the names of the output files to `tRNA_superposition.pdb` (superimposed structures) and `tRNA_superposition.aln` (sequence alignment). If you omit this option, SuperNAlign will save output to `supernalign_output`.

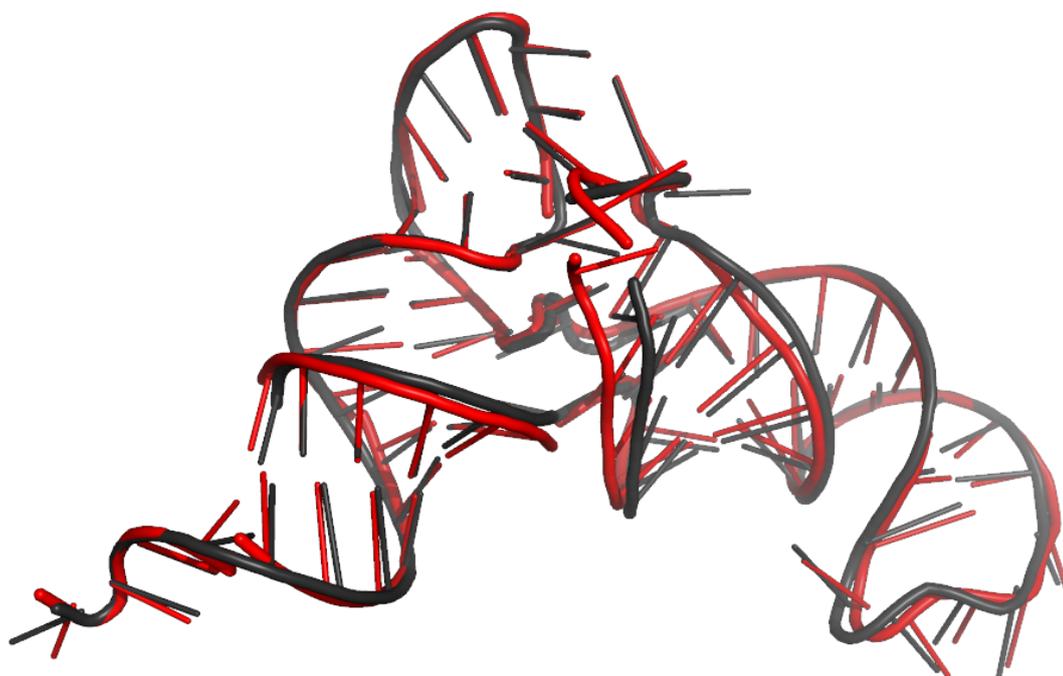
SuperNAlign will inform you on the progress:

```
2D structure processing...
Preliminary superposition...
Processing...
```

## Retrieving output data

After a while (usually a few minutes), SuperNAlign will save output data and print the sequence alignment on the screen.

`tRNA_superposition.pdb` will hold the superimposed structures. The first (reference) structure - 3KFU - will be stored as chain A, and the second structure - 4WJ4 - as chain B (see Figure 1). You can view the structures using molecular visualization software, e.g. PyMol.



**Figure 1.** Structures after superposition. Dark grey - reference structure (3KFU); red - aligned structure (4WJ4).

Sequence alignment will be saved in `tRNA_superposition.aln`, in FASTA format. Chain A denotes

the reference structure (3KFU), and Chain B is the aligned structure - 4WJ4 (Figure 2).

```
          10      20      30      40      50      60      70
chainA  . . . . | . . . . | . . . . | . . . . | . . . . | . . . . | . . . . | . . . . | .
chainB  uccgggguagcucagg--gguagagcagcccggcuguaaaccgguaggucgcagguucgaguccugcccggcggagccca
chainB  uccgggauagcucagucgguagagcaaaugacuguaaaucauugggucccugguucgaguccaggucgcggagccca
```

Figure 2. Sequence alignment returned by SuperNAlign.

## Pre-aligned structures

If your input structures are already superimposed, use the `-p` option and SuperNAlign will skip the preliminary superposition step.

Enter ModeRNA server's website: <http://iimcb.genesilico.pl/modernaserver/>.

- Click *Submit / Analyse structure*.
- Select `3kfu.pdb` - the first downloaded input file.
- Enter `K` as chain ID.
- Select *clean structure, remove modifications, renumber chain*.
- Click *Analyse*.
- Wait for the results, download the file and rename it to `3kfu_cleaned.pdb`.

Repeat the above steps for `4wj4.pdb`.

Once you have your input files prepared, enter Rclick website:  
<http://mspc.bii.a-star.edu.sg/minhn/rclick.html>.

Upload `3kfu_cleaned.pdb` and `4wj4_cleaned.pdb`, and click *Run Rclick*. When the results are ready, click *Superimposed structures*; unpack the downloaded file:

```
tar xvf 3kfu_cleaned-4wj4_cleaned.2.tar.gz
```

From the working directory type:

```
supernalign.py -p 3kfu_cleaned-4wj4_cleaned.2.pdb 0 K  
4wj4_cleaned-3kfu_cleaned.2.pdb 0 B -o tRNA_Rclick
```

Results will be saved to `tRNA_Rclick.pdb` and `tRNA_Rclick.aln`.

## SuperNAlign-Coffee

To further improve the alignments, SuperNAlign has an interface to T-Coffee. You need to install T-Coffee as described in the documentation.

From your working directory type:

```
make_coffee.py tRNA_superposition.pdb 0 A tRNA_superposition.pdb 0 B > library.lib
```

T-Coffee library file `library.lib` will be created. Type:

```
t_coffee -lib library.lib -mode rcoffee -output fasta -outfile sa-coffee.fasta
```

Sequence alignment will be written to `sa-coffee.fasta`.

*Paweł Piątkowski, 21.07.2016*